



PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM 2021 PRESENTED WITH CHICAGO INNOVATION



WINTRUST

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INTRODUCTION

WINTRUST

PRESENTED BY: LUKE TANEN, CHICAGO INNOVATION

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- II. Consolidated Appropriations Act Background and the Paycheck Protection Program <u>https://www.govtrack.us/congress/bills/116/hr133</u>
- III. Updated Information <u>https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/cares/assistance-for-small-businesses</u> <u>https://www.sba.gov/funding-programs/loans/coronavirus-relief-options/paycheck-protection-program</u>
- **IV.** Introduction of Our Presenters

V. Topics that will be covered:

- i. Eligibility
- ii. Application
- iii. Documentation
- iv. FAQs

Please note that this presentation is <i>solely for informational purposes and is not intended to provide legal, tax, accounting or financial advice. In making any decision relating to obtaining a PPP loan please consult with your legal, tax, accounting, or financial advisors, as necessary.

ELIGIBILITY



PRESENTED BY: BRIAN RYNES, WINTRUST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

First Draw PPP Loans

To qualify for a First Draw PPP Loan, companies and eligible nonprofits must meet one of the following eligibility criteria. Please note that a borrower must be considered together with its affiliates (as defined under the program) to determine eligibility for PPP:

- Fewer than 500 total employees (or 300 total employees, if applicable)
- SBA Industry Size Standard
- SBA Affiliation Size Standard

Certain exceptions apply for small businesses in the accommodation and food service sector, religious organizations, franchises, SBIC-financed businesses, and eligible news organizations. The maximum loan amount of a First Draw PPP Loan is 2.5 times your average monthly payroll, plus the amount of certain refinanced Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDLs), up to \$10 million.

• Corporate Groups are subject to a \$20 million aggregate limit for First Draw PPP Loans



PRESENTED BY: BRIAN RYNES, WINTRUST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Second Draw PPP Loans

Congress and the SBA recently added a "Second Draw" loan that will be available to certain eligible borrowers. To qualify for a Second Draw PPP Loan, companies and eligible nonprofits (again considered with their affiliates) must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- Borrower was eligible and received a First Draw PPP Loan
- Borrower has used or will use the full amount of its First Draw PPP Loan on authorized purposes on or before disbursement of the Second Draw PPP Loan.
- Employs not more than 300 employees (SBA-defined affiliation waivers apply)
- Borrower can demonstrate a 25% or greater reduction in gross receipts (as defined by SBA) when comparing a calendar quarter in 2020 to the same calendar quarter in 2019.
 - Gross receipts of a borrower must be aggregated with gross receipts of its affiliates, except where affiliation rule have been waived.

The maximum amount for a "second draw" loan will be 2.5 times your average monthly payroll (3.5 times for eligible accommodation and food service companies), up to \$2 million.

• Corporate Groups are subject to a \$4 million aggregate limit for Second Draw PPP Loans

ELIGIBILITY CONT'D

WINTRUST

PRESENTED BY: BRIAN RYNES, WINTRUST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Eligible uses of PPP proceeds:

At least 60% must be used for payroll costs

Up to 40% can be used for any of the following:

- Interest payments on mortgages
- Leases
- Rent payments
- Eligible Utility payments
- Additional eligible categories approved by recent amendments
 - Certain business software and cloud computing expenses
 - Uninsured property damage costs from damage in 2020 due to vandalism
 - Essential supplier costs
 - Certain worker protection expenditures, such as PPE and facility adaptation costs

For more information about these eligible expenses, please visit the PPP loan page of the SBA's website.

All or a portion of any PPP loan may be eligible for forgiveness. Subject to certain restrictions, the portion of the loan eligible for forgiveness may consist of payments for eligible expenses made during the SBA defined covered periods following your loan funding. For additional information about forgiveness please visit the SBA website referenced above.



PRESENTED BY: NANCY KUZMA, WINTRUST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

All borrowers are required to make several good faith certifications, including that current economic uncertainty makes their PPP loan request necessary to support ongoing business operations. These will be unsecured loans that do not require personal guarantees.

NAICS CODE:

If you are unable to find your NAICS code on you business tax return, please use this link to find the correct code: <u>https://www.naics.com/code-search/</u>



| Check One: | Sole Proprietor Partnership C-Corp S-Corp LLC Independent Contractor Self-Employed Individual | DBA or Tradename (if applicable) | Year of Establishment (if applicable) |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| | 501(c)(3) nonprofit 501(c)(6) organization 501(c)(19) veterans organization Housing cooperative Tribal Business Other | | |
| | Business Legal Name | NAICS Code | Applicant (including affiliates, if applicable) Meets Size Standard (check one): |
| | | | No more than 500 employees (or 300 employees, if applicable) SBA industry size standards SBA alternative size standard |
| Business Addr | ess (Street, City, State, Zip Code - No P.O. Box addresses allowed) | Business TIN (EIN, SSN) | Business Phone |
| | | | |
| | | Primary Contact | Email Address |
| | | | |

| Average Monthly Payroll: | \$ A | 2.5 + EIDL (Do Not Include ny EIDL Advance) equals oan Request Amount: | \$ | Number of Employees: | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Purpose of the | □ Payroll Costs | □ Rent / Mortgage Interest | t 🗆 Utilities | | Covered Operations penditures | |
| loan (select all that apply): | □ Covered Property Damage | Covered Supplier Costs | Covered Worker Protection Expenditures | | □ Other (explain): | |

Applicant Ownership

List all owners of 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant. Attach a separate sheet if necessary.

| Owner Name | Title | Ownership % | TIN (EIN, SSN) | Address |
|------------|-------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

If questions (1), (2), (5), or (6) are answered "Yes," the loan will not be approved.

| | Question | Yes | No |
|----|--|-----|----|
| 1. | Is the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant presently suspended, debarred, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency, or presently involved in any bankruptcy? | | |
| 2. | Has the Applicant, any owner of the Applicant, or any business owned or controlled by any of them, ever obtained a direct or guaranteed loan from SBA or any other Federal agency that is (a) currently delinquent, or (b) has defaulted in the last 7 years and caused a loss to the government? | | |
| 3. | Is the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant an owner of any other business, or have common management (including a management agreement) with any other business? If yes, list all such businesses (including their TINs if available) and describe the relationship on a separate sheet identified as addendum A. | | |
| 4. | Did the Applicant receive an SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020? If yes, provide details on a separate sheet identified as addendum B. | | |
| 5. | Is the Applicant (if an individual) or any individual owning 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant presently incarcerated or, for any felony, presently subject to an indictment, criminal information, arraignment, or other means by which formal criminal charges are brought in any jurisdiction? Initial here to confirm your response to question $5 \rightarrow$ | | |
| 6. | Within the last 5 years, for any felony involving fraud, bribery, embezzlement, or a false statement in a loan application or an application for federal financial assistance, or within the last year, for any other felony, has the Applicant (if an individual) or any owner of the Applicant 1) been convicted; 2) pleaded guilty; 3) pleaded nolo contendere; or 4) commenced any form of parole or probation (including probation before judgment)? Initial here to confirm your response to question $6 \rightarrow$ | | |
| 7. | Is the United States the principal place of residence for all employees included in the Applicant's payroll calculation above? | | |
| 8. | Is the Applicant a franchise? | | |
| 9. | Is the franchise listed in the SBA's Franchise Directory? If yes, enter the SBA Franchise Identifier Code here: | | |



By Signing Below, You Make the Following Representations, Authorizations, and Certifications

I certify that:

- I have read the statements included in this form, including the Statements Required by Law and Executive Orders, and I understand them.
- The Applicant is eligible to receive a loan under the rules in effect at the time this application is submitted that have been issued by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and the Department of the Treasury (Treasury) implementing the Paycheck Protection Program under Division A, Title I of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act (the Paycheck Protection Program Rules).
- The Applicant, together with its affiliates (if applicable), (1) is an independent contractor, self-employed individual, or sole proprietor with no employees; (2) if not a housing cooperative, eligible 501(c)(6) organization, or eligible destination marketing organization, employs no more than the greater of 500 employees or, if applicable, the size standard in number of employees established by SBA in 13 C.F.R. 121.201 for the Applicant's industry; (3) if a housing cooperative, eligible 501(c)(6) organization, or eligible destination marketing organization, employs no more than 300 employees; (4) if NAICS 72, employs no more than 500 employees per physical location; (5) if a news organization that is majority owned or controlled by a NAICS code 511110 or 5151 business or a nonprofit public broadcasting entity with a trade or business under NAICS code 511110 or 5151, employs no more than 500 employees (or, if applicable, the size standard in number of employees established by SBA in 13 C.F.R. 121.201 for the Applicant's industry) per location; or (6) is a small business under the applicable revenue-based size standard established by SBA in 13 C.F.R. 121.201 for the Applicant's industry or under the SBA alternative size standard.
- I will comply, whenever applicable, with the civil rights and other limitations in this form.
- All loan proceeds will be used only for business-related purposes as specified in the loan application and consistent with the Paycheck Protection Program Rules including the prohibition on using loan proceeds for lobbying activities and expenditures. If Applicant is a news organization that became eligible for a loan under Section 317 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act, proceeds of the loan will be used to support expenses at the component of the business concern that produces or distributes locally focused or emergency information.
- I understand that SBA encourages the purchase, to the extent feasible, of American-made equipment and products.
- The Applicant is not engaged in any activity that is illegal under federal, state or local law.
- Any EIDL loan received by the Applicant (Section 7(b)(2) of the Small Business Act) between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020 was for a purpose other than paying payroll costs and other allowable uses for loans under the Paycheck Protection Program Rules.

For Applicants who are individuals: I authorize the SBA to request criminal record information about me from criminal justice agencies for the purpose of determining my eligibility for programs authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended.

The authorized representative of the Applicant must certify in good faith to all of the below by **initialing** next to each one:

- The Applicant was in operation on February 15, 2020, has not permanently closed, and was either an eligible self-employed individual, independent contractor, or sole proprietorship with no employees, or had employees for whom it paid salaries and payroll taxes or paid independent contractors, as reported on Form(s) 1099-MISC.
- Current economic uncertainty makes this loan request necessary to support the ongoing operations of the Applicant.
- The funds will be used to retain workers and maintain payroll; or make payments for mortgage interest, rent, utilities, covered operations expenditures, covered property damage costs, covered supplier costs, and covered worker protection expenditures as specified under the Paycheck Protection Program Rules; I understand that if the funds are knowingly used for unauthorized purposes, the federal government may hold me legally liable, such as for charges of fraud.
- I understand that loan forgiveness will be provided for the sum of documented payroll costs, covered mortgage interest payments, covered rent payments, covered utilities, covered operations expenditures, covered property damage costs, covered supplier costs, and covered worker protection expenditures, and not more than 40% of the forgiven amount may be for non-payroll costs. If required, the Applicant will provide to the Lender and/or SBA documentation verifying the number of full-time equivalent employees on the Applicant's payroll as well as the dollar amounts of eligible expenses for the covered period following this loan.
- The Applicant has not and will not receive another loan under the Paycheck Protection Program, section 7(a)(36) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(36)) (this does not include Paycheck Protection Program second draw loans, section 7(a)(37) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(37)).
- _____ The Applicant has not and will not receive a Shuttered Venue Operator grant from SBA.
- The President, the Vice President, the head of an Executive department, or a Member of Congress, or the spouse of such person as determined under applicable common law, does not directly or indirectly hold a controlling interest in the Applicant, with such terms having the meanings provided in Section 322 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act.
- _____ The Applicant is not an issuer, the securities of which are listed on an exchange registered as a national securities exchange under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f).
- I further certify that the information provided in this application and the information provided in all supporting documents and forms is true and accurate in all material respects. I understand that knowingly making a false statement to obtain a guaranteed loan from SBA is punishable under the law, including under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 3571 by imprisonment of not more than five years and/or a fine of up to \$250,000; under 15 U.S.C. 645 by imprisonment of not more than two years and/or a fine of not more than \$5,000; and, if submitted to a federally insured institution, under 18 U.S.C. 1014 by imprisonment of not more than thirty years and/or a fine of not more than \$1,000,000.
- I acknowledge that the Lender will confirm the eligible loan amount using required documents submitted. I understand, acknowledge, and agree that the Lender can share any tax information that I have provided with SBA's authorized representatives, including authorized representatives of the SBA Office of Inspector General, for the purpose of compliance with SBA Loan Program Requirements and all SBA reviews.

Signature of Authorized Representative of Applicant

Date

Title

Print Name

2



Purpose of this form:

This form is to be completed by the authorized representative of the Applicant and *submitted to your SBA Participating Lender*. Submission of the requested information is required to make a determination regarding eligibility for financial assistance. Failure to submit the information would affect that determination.

Instructions for completing this form:

With respect to "purpose of the loan," payroll costs consist of compensation to employees (whose principal place of residence is the United States) in the form of salary, wages, commissions, or similar compensation; cash tips or the equivalent (based on employer records of past tips or, in the absence of such records, a reasonable, good-faith employer estimate of such tips); payment for vacation, parental, family, medical, or sick leave (except those paid leave amounts for which a credit is allowed under FFCRA Sections 7001 and 7003); allowance for separation or dismissal; payment for the provision of employee benefits (including insurance premiums) consisting of group health care coverage, group life, disability, vision, or dental insurance, and retirement benefits; payment of state and local taxes assessed on compensation of employees; and, for an independent contractor or sole proprietor, wage, commissions, income, or net earnings from self-employment or similar compensation.

For purposes of calculating "Average Monthly Payroll," most Applicants will use the average monthly payroll for 2019 or 2020, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis, as prorated for the period during which the payments are made or the obligation to make the payments is incurred, for each employee. For seasonal businesses, the Applicant may elect to instead use average total monthly payroll for any twelve-week period selected by the Applicant between February 15, 2019 and February 15, 2020, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis, as prorated for the period during which the payments are made or the obligation to make the payments is incurred, for each employee. For new businesses, average monthly payroll may be calculated using the time period from January 1, 2020 to February 29, 2020, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis, as prorated for the period during which the payments are made or the obligation to make the payments is incurred, for each employee. For farmers and ranchers that operate as a sole proprietorship or as an independent contractor, or who are eligible self-employed individuals and report farm income or expenses on a Schedule F (or any equivalent successor IRS form), payroll costs for employees, as reported on a Schedule F. For Applicants that file IRS Form 1040, Schedule C, payroll costs are computed using net earnings from self-employment of individual general partners, as reported on IRS Form 1065 K-1, reduced by section 179 expense deduction claimed, unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil and gas properties, multiplied by 0.9235, that is not more than \$100,000, plus any eligible payroll costs for employees.

For purposes of reporting Number of Employees, sole proprietors, self-employed individuals, and independent contractors should include themselves as employees (i.e., the minimum number in the box Number of Employees is one).

For purposes of reporting Year of Establishment, self-employed individuals and independent contractors may enter "NA".

For purposes of reporting NAICS Code, applicants must match the business activity code provided on their IRS income tax filings, if applicable.

If Applicant is refinancing an Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL): Add the outstanding amount of an EIDL made between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020 to Loan Request as indicated on the form. Do not add the amount of any EIDL Advance.

All parties listed below are considered owners of the Applicant, as well as "principals":

- For a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor;
- For a partnership, all general partners, and all limited partners owning 20% or more of the equity of the firm;
- For a corporation, all owners of 20% or more of the corporation;
- For limited liability companies, all members owning 20% or more of the company; and
- Any Trustor (if the Applicant is owned by a trust).

Paperwork Reduction Act – You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The estimated time for completing this application, including gathering data needed, is 8 minutes. Comments about this time or the information requested should be sent to: Small Business Administration, Director, Records Management Division, 409 3rd St., SW, Washington DC 20416, and/or SBA Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington DC 20503. PLEASE DO NOT SEND FORMS TO THESE ADDRESSES.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) – Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit or privilege to which you are entitled. (But see Debt Collection Notice regarding taxpayer identification number below.) Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are required to provide SBA with sufficient information to make a character determination. When evaluating character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions. Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 U.S.C. Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act.

Disclosure of Information – Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for, or otherwise involved in investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is disclosure to other Federal agencies conducting background checks but only to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. See, 74 F.R. 14890 (2009), and as amended from time to time for additional background and other routine uses. In addition, the CARES Act, requires SBA to register every loan made under the Paycheck Protection Program using the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) assigned to the borrower.



Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) – SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan, and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government, (4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice, or (6) take other action permitted in the loan instruments.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) – The Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, grants SBA access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. SBA is only required provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records. SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. SBA is also authorized to transfer to another Government authority any financial records concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) – This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that is generally released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers, the amount of the loan, and the type of the loan. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) – The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) can require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees. Businesses that do not comply may be fined and required to abate the hazards in their workplaces. They may also be ordered to cease operations posing an imminent danger of death or serious injury until employees can be protected. Signing this form is certification that the applicant, to the best of its knowledge, is in compliance with the applicable OSHA requirements, and will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights (13 C.F.R. 112, 113, 117) – All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. All borrowers must display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) – Creditors are prohibited from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program; or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Debarment and Suspension Executive Order 12549 (2 C.F.R. Part 180 and Part 2700) – By submitting this loan application, you certify that neither the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant have within the past three years been: (a) debarred, suspended, declared ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in a transaction by any Federal Agency; (b) formally proposed for debarment, with a final determination still pending; (c) indicted, convicted, or had a civil judgment rendered against you for any of the offenses listed in the regulations or (d) delinquent on any amounts owed to the U.S. Government or its instrumentalities as of the date of execution of this certification.

PPP Borrower Demographic Information Form (Optional)

Instructions

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. Veteran/gender/race/ethnicity data is collected for program reporting purposes only.
- 2. Description. This form requests information about each of the Borrower's Principals. Add additional sheets if necessary.
- 3. **Definition of Principal**. The term "Principal" means:
 - For a self-employed individual, independent contractor, or a sole proprietor, the self-employed individual, independent contractor, or sole proprietor.
 - For a partnership, all general partners and all limited partners owning 20% or more of the equity of the Borrower, or any partner that is involved in the management of the Borrower's business.
 - For a corporation, all owners of 20% or more of the Borrower, and each officer and director.
 - For a limited liability company, all members owning 20% or more of the Borrower, and each officer and director.
 - Any individual hired by the Borrower to manage the day-to-day operations of the Borrower ("key employee").
 - Any trustor (if the Borrower is owned by a trust).
 - For a nonprofit organization, the officers and directors of the Borrower.
- 4. <u>Principal Name</u>. Insert the full name of the Principal.
- 5. <u>Position</u>. Identify the Principal's position; for example, self-employed individual; independent contractor; sole proprietor; general partner; owner; officer; director; member; or key employee.

| Principal Name | | Position | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
| | | | |
| Veteran | 1=Non-Veteran; 2=Veteran; 3=Service-Disabled Veteran; 4=Spouse of Veteran; X=Not Disclosed | | |
| Gender | M=Male; F=Female; X=Not Disclosed | | |
| Race (more than 1 may be selected) | 1=American Indian or Alaska Native; 2=Asian; 3=Black or African-American; 4=Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; 5=White; X=Not Disclosed | | |
| Ethnicity | H=Hispanic or Latino; N=Not Hispanic or Latino; X=Not Disclosed | | |

Disclosure is voluntary and will have no bearing on the loan application decision



Paycheck Protection Program Second Draw Borrower Application Form

| In | ble Proprietor Partner dependent Contractor 11(c)(3) nonprofit 50 | Self-Employed In | | | Tradename (if oplicable) | Year of Establishment (if applicable) | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 50 | | cooperative | | | | | |
| Tribal Business Other Business Legal Name | | | | NAI | CS Code | | |
| Business Address (| Street, City, State, Zip allowed) | p Code - No P.O. Box addresses | | Business TIN (EIN, SSN) | | Business Phone | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Prima | ary Contact | Email Address | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Average Monthly Payroll: | | | uals Loan (may not ^{\$} | Number of Employees (including affiliates, if applicable; may not exceed 300): | | | |
| Purpose of the | Payroll Costs | Rent / Mortgage Interest | | Utilities | | Covered Operations Expenditures | |
| loan (select all that apply): | Covered Proper Damage | crty Covered Supplier Costs | | Covered Worker Protection Expenditures | | Other (explain): | |
| PPP First Draw SBA Loan Number: | | | | | | | |
| Reduction in Gross 1 25% (Applicants for | loans of \$150,000 or | 2020 Quarter (e.g., 2Q 2020): | | | Reference Quar (e.g., 2Q 2019): | ter | |
| less may leave blank but must provide upon or before seeking loan forgiveness or upon SBA request): | | Gross Receipts: | \$ | | Gross Receipts | \$ | |

Applicant Ownership

List all owners of 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant. Attach a separate sheet if necessary.

| Owner Name | Title | Ownership % | TIN (EIN, SSN) | Address |
|------------|-------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

If questions (1), (2), (4), or (5) are answered "Yes," the loan will not be approved.

| | Question | Yes | No |
|----|--|-----|----|
| 1. | Is the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant presently suspended, debarred, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency, or presently involved in any bankruptcy? | | |
| 2. | Has the Applicant, any owner of the Applicant, or any business owned or controlled by any of them, ever obtained a direct or guaranteed loan from SBA or any other Federal agency that is (a) currently delinquent, or (b) has defaulted in the last 7 years and caused a loss to the government? | | |
| 3. | Is the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant an owner of any other business, or have common management (including a management agreement) with any other business? If yes, list all such businesses (including their TINs if available) and describe the relationship on a separate sheet identified as addendum A. | | |
| 4. | Is the Applicant (if an individual) or any individual owning 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant presently incarcerated or, for any felony, presently subject to an indictment, criminal information, arraignment, or other means by which formal criminal charges are brought in any jurisdiction? Initial here to confirm your response to question $4 \rightarrow$ | | |
| 5. | Within the last 5 years, for any felony involving fraud, bribery, embezzlement, or a false statement in a loan application or an application for federal financial assistance, or within the last year, for any other felony, has the Applicant (if an individual) or any owner of the Applicant 1) been convicted; 2) pleaded guilty; 3) pleaded nolo contendere; or 4) commenced any form of parole or probation (including probation before judgment)? Initial here to confirm your response to question $5 \rightarrow$ | | |
| 6. | Is the United States the principal place of residence for all employees included in the Applicant's payroll calculation above? | | |
| 7. | Is the Applicant a franchise? | | |
| 8. | Is the franchise listed in SBA's Franchise Directory? If yes, enter SBA Franchise Identifier Code here: | | |



Paycheck Protection Program Second Draw Borrower Application Form

By Signing Below, You Make the Following Representations, Authorizations, and Certifications

I certify that:

- I have read the statements included in this form, including the Statements Required by Law and Executive Orders, and I understand them.
- The Applicant is eligible to receive a loan under the rules in effect at the time this application is submitted that have been issued by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and the Department of the Treasury (Treasury) implementing Second Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loans under Division A, Title I of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act (the Paycheck Protection Program Rules).
- The Applicant, together with its affiliates (if applicable), (1) is an independent contractor, self-employed individual, or sole proprietor with no employees; (2) employs no more than 300 employees; or (3) if NAICS 72, employs no more than 300 employees per physical location; (4) if a news organization that is majority owned or controlled by a NAICS code 511110 or 5151 business or a nonprofit public broadcasting entity with a trade or business under NAICS code 511110 or 5151, employs no more than 300 employees per location.
- I will comply, whenever applicable, with the civil rights and other limitations in this form.
- All loan proceeds will be used only for business-related purposes as specified in the loan application and consistent with the Paycheck Protection Program Rules including the prohibition on using loan proceeds for lobbying activities and expenditures. If Applicant is a news organization that became eligible for a loan under Section 317 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act, proceeds of the loan will be used to support expenses at the component of the business concern that produces or distributes locally focused or emergency information.
- I understand that SBA encourages the purchase, to the extent feasible, of American-made equipment and products.
- The Applicant is not engaged in any activity that is illegal under federal, state or local law.

For Applicants who are individuals: I authorize the SBA to request criminal record information about me from criminal justice agencies for the purpose of determining my eligibility for programs authorized by the Small Business Act, as amended.

The authorized representative of the Applicant must certify in good faith to all of the below by initialing next to each one:

- The Applicant was in operation on February 15, 2020, has not permanently closed, and was either an eligible self-employed individual, independent contractor, or sole proprietorship with no employees, or had employees for whom it paid salaries and payroll taxes or paid independent contractors, as reported on Form(s) 1099-MISC.
- Current economic uncertainty makes this loan request necessary to support the ongoing operations of the Applicant.
- The Applicant has realized a reduction in gross receipts in excess of 25% relative to the relevant comparison time period. For loans greater than \$150,000, Applicant has provided documentation to the lender substantiating the decline in gross receipts. For loans of \$150,000 or less, Applicant will provide documentation substantiating the decline in gross receipts upon or before seeking loan forgiveness for the Second Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loan or upon SBA request.
- The Applicant received a First Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loan and, before the Second Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loan is disbursed, will have used the full loan amount (including any increase) of the First Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loan only for eligible expenses.
- The funds will be used to retain workers and maintain payroll; or make payments for mortgage interest, rent, utilities, covered operations expenditures, covered property damage costs, covered supplier costs, and covered worker protection expenditures as specified under the Paycheck Protection Program Rules; I understand that if the funds are knowingly used for unauthorized purposes, the federal government may hold me legally liable, such as for charges of fraud.
 - I understand that loan forgiveness will be provided for the sum of documented payroll costs, covered mortgage interest payments, covered rent payments, covered utilities, covered operations expenditures, covered property damage costs, covered supplier costs, and covered worker protection expenditures, and not more than 40% of the forgiven amount may be for non-payroll costs. If required, the Applicant will provide to the Lender and/or SBA documentation verifying the number of full-time equivalent employees on the Applicant's payroll as well as the dollar amounts of eligible expenses for the covered period following this loan.
 - The Applicant has not and will not receive another Second Draw Paycheck Protection Program Loan.
- _____ The Applicant has not and will not receive a Shuttered Venue Operator grant from SBA.
 - The President, the Vice President, the head of an Executive department, or a Member of Congress, or the spouse of such person as determined under applicable common law, does not directly or indirectly hold a controlling interest in the Applicant, with such terms having the meanings

provided in Section 322 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Nonprofits, and Venues Act.

The Applicant is not an issuer, the securities of which are listed on an exchange registered as a national securities exchange under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f).

The Applicant is not a business concern or entity (a) for which an entity created in or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China or the Special Administrative Region of Hong Kong, or that has significant operations in the People's Republic of China or the Special Administrative Region of Hong Kong, owns or holds, directly or indirectly, not less than 20 percent of the economic interest of the business concern or entity, including as equity shares or a capital or profit interest in a limited liability company or partnership; or (b) that retains, as a member of the board of directors of the business concern, a person who is a resident of the People's Republic of China.

- The Applicant is not required to submit a registration statement under section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 612).
- The Applicant is not a business concern or entity primarily engaged in political or lobbying activities, including any entity that is organized for research or for engaging in advocacy in areas such as public policy or political strategy or otherwise describes itself as a think tank in any public documents.
 - I further certify that the information provided in this application and the information provided in all supporting documents and forms is true and accurate in all material respects. I understand that knowingly making a false statement to obtain a guaranteed loan from SBA is punishable under the law, including under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 3571 by imprisonment of not more than five years and/or a fine of up to \$250,000; under 15 U.S.C. 645 by imprisonment of not more than two years and/or a fine of not more than \$5,000; and, if submitted to a federally insured institution, under 18 U.S.C. 1014 by imprisonment of not more than thirty years and/or a fine of not more than \$1,000,000.
- I acknowledge that the Lender will confirm the eligible loan amount using required documents submitted. I understand, acknowledge, and agree that the Lender can share any tax information that I have provided with SBA's authorized representatives, including authorized representatives of the SBA Office of Inspector General, for the purpose of compliance with SBA Loan Program Requirements and all SBA reviews.

Signature of Authorized Representative of Applicant

Date

Print Name

Title



Paycheck Protection Program Second Draw Borrower Application Form

Purpose of this form:

This form is to be completed by the authorized representative of the Applicant and *submitted to your SBA Participating Lender*. Submission of the requested information is required to make a determination regarding eligibility for financial assistance. Failure to submit the information would affect that determination.

Instructions for completing this form:

With respect to "purpose of the loan," payroll costs consist of compensation to employees (whose principal place of residence is the United States) in the form of salary, wages, commissions, or similar compensation; cash tips or the equivalent (based on employer records of past tips or, in the absence of such records, a reasonable, good-faith employer estimate of such tips); payment for vacation, parental, family, medical, or sick leave (except those paid leave amounts for which a credit is allowed under FFCRA Sections 7001 and 7003); allowance for separation or dismissal; payment for the provision of employee benefits consisting of group health care coverage (including insurance premiums), group life, disability, vision, or dental insurance, and retirement benefits; payment of state and local taxes assessed on compensation of employees; and, for an independent contractor or sole proprietor, wage, commissions, income, or net earnings from self-employment or similar compensation.

For purposes of calculating "Average Monthly Payroll," most Applicants will use the average monthly payroll for 2019 or 2020, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis, as prorated for the period during which the payments are made or the obligation to make the payments is incurred, for each employee. For seasonal businesses, the Applicant may elect to instead use average total monthly payroll for any twelve-week period selected by the Applicant between February 15, 2019 and February 15, 2020, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis, as prorated for the period during which the payments are made or the obligation to make the payments is incurred, for each employee. For new businesses without 12 months of payroll costs but that were in operation on February 15, 2020, average monthly payroll may be calculated based on the number of months in which payroll costs were incurred, excluding costs over \$100,000 on an annualized basis for each employee, as prorated for the period during which the payments is incurred, for each employee. For farmers and ranchers that operate as a sole proprietorship or as an independent contractor, or who are eligible self-employed individuals and report farm income or expenses on a Schedule F (or any equivalent successor IRS form), payroll costs are computed using eligible payroll costs for employees, if any, plus the lesser of \$100,000 and the difference between gross income and any eligible payroll costs are computed using line 31 net profit amount, limited to \$100,000, plus any eligible payroll costs for employees. For Applicants that file IRS Form 1040, Schedule C, payroll costs are computed using net earnings from self-employment of individual general partners, as reported on IRS Form 1065 K-1, reduced by section 179 expense deduction claimed, unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil and gas properties, multiplied by 0.9235, that is not more than \$100,000, plus any eligible payroll costs for employees.

In determining whether the Applicant experienced at least a 25% reduction in gross receipts, for loans above \$150,000, the Applicant must identify the 2020 quarter meeting this requirement, identify the reference quarter, and state the gross receipts amounts for both quarters, as well as provide supporting documentation. For loans of \$150,000 and below, these fields are not required and the Applicant only must certify that the Applicant has met the 25% gross receipts reduction at the time of application; however, upon or before seeking loan forgiveness (or upon SBA request) the Applicant must provide documentation that identifies the 2020 quarter meeting this requirement, identifies the reference quarter, states the gross receipts amounts for both quarters, and supports the amounts provided. For all loans, the appropriate reference quarter depends on how long the Applicant has been in operation:

- For all entities other than those satisfying the conditions set forth below, Applicants must demonstrate that gross receipts in any quarter of 2020 were at least 25% lower than the same quarter of 2019. Alternatively, Applicants may compare annual gross receipts in 2020 with annual gross receipts in 2019; Applicants choosing to use annual gross receipts must enter "Annual" in the 2020 Quarter and Reference Quarter fields and, as required documentation, must submit copies of annual tax forms substantiating the annual gross receipts reduction.
- For entities not in business during the first and second quarters of 2019 but in operation during the third and fourth quarters of 2019, Applicants must demonstrate that gross receipts in any quarter of 2020 were at least 25% lower than either the third or fourth quarters of 2019.
- For entities not in business during the first, second, and third quarters of 2019 but in operation during the fourth quarter of 2019, Applicants must demonstrate that gross receipts in any quarter of 2020 were at least 25% lower than the fourth quarter of 2019.
- For entities not in business during 2019 but in operation on February 15, 2020, Applicants must demonstrate that gross receipts in the second, third, or fourth quarter of 2020 were at least 25% lower than the first quarter of 2020.

Gross receipts includes all revenue in whatever form received or accrued (in accordance with the entity's accounting method) from whatever source, including from the sales of products or services, interest, dividends, rents, royalties, fees, or commissions, reduced by returns and allowances. Generally, receipts are considered "total income" (or in the case of a sole proprietorship "gross income") plus "cost of goods sold" and excludes net capital gains or losses as these terms are defined and reported on IRS tax return forms. Gross receipts do not include the following: taxes collected for and remitted to a taxing authority if included in gross or total income, such as sales or other taxes collected from customers and excluding taxes levied on the concern or its employees; proceeds from transactions between a concern and its domestic or foreign affiliates; and amounts collected for another by a travel agent, real estate agent, advertising agent, conference management service provider, freight forwarder or customs broker. All other items, such as subcontractor costs, reimbursements for purchases a contractor makes at a customer's request, investment income, and employee-based costs such as payroll taxes, may not be excluded from gross receipts. Gross receipts of a borrower must be aggregated with gross receipts of its affiliates. For a nonprofit organization, veterans organization, nonprofit news organization, 501(c)(6) organization, and destination marketing organization, gross receipts has the meaning in section 6033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

For purposes of reporting Number of Employees, sole proprietors, self-employed individuals, and independent contractors should include themselves as employees (i.e., the minimum number in the box "Employees" is one). For NAICS 72 or eligible news organizations, applicants may not exceed 300 per physical location.

For purposes of reporting Year of Establishment, self-employed individuals and independent contractors may enter "NA".

For purposes of reporting NAICS Code, applicants must match the business activity code provided on their IRS income tax filings, if applicable. For purposes of calculating an Applicant's maximum payroll costs, an Applicant may multiply its average monthly payroll costs by 3.5 only if the Applicant is in the Accommodation and Food Services sector and has reported a NAICS code beginning with 72 as its business activity code on its most recent IRS income tax return.

All parties listed below are considered owners of the Applicant as well as "principals":

- For a sole proprietorship, the sole proprietor;
- For a partnership, all general partners, and all limited partners owning 20% or more of the equity of the firm;
- For a corporation, all owners of 20% or more of the corporation;
- For limited liability companies, all members owning 20% or more of the company; and
- Any Trustor (if the Applicant is owned by a trust).

Paperwork Reduction Act – You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The estimated time for completing this application, including gathering data needed, is 8 minutes. Comments about this time or the information requested should be sent to: Small Business Administration, Director, Records Management Division, 409 3rd St., SW, Washington DC 20416, and/or SBA Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington DC 20503. PLEASE DO NOT SEND FORMS TO THESE ADDRESSES.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) – Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit or privilege to which you are entitled. (But see Debt Collection Notice regarding taxpayer identification number below.) Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are required to provide SBA with sufficient information to make a character determination. When evaluating character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions. Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 USC Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act.

Disclosure of Information – Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for, or otherwise involved in investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is disclosure to other Federal agencies conducting background checks but only to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. See, 74 F.R. 14890 (2009), and as amended from time to time for additional background and other routine uses. In addition, the CARES Act, requires SBA to register every loan made under the Paycheck Protection Program using the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) assigned to the borrower.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) – SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan, and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government, (4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice, or (6) take other action permitted in the loan instruments.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) – The Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, grants SBA access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. SBA is only required provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records. SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. SBA is also authorized to transfer to another Government authority any financial records concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) – This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that is generally released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers, the amount of the loan, and the type of the loan. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) – The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) can require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees. Businesses that do not comply may be fined and required to abate the hazards in their workplaces. They may also be ordered to cease operations posing an imminent danger of death or serious injury until employees can be protected. Signing this form is certification that the applicant, to the best of its knowledge, is in compliance with the applicable OSHA requirements, and will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights (13 C.F.R. 112, 113, 117) – All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. All borrowers must display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) – Creditors are prohibited from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program; or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Debarment and Suspension Executive Order 12549 (2 C.F.R. Part 180 and Part 2700) – By submitting this loan application, you certify that neither the Applicant or any owner of the Applicant have within the past three years been: (a) debarred, suspended, declared ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in a transaction by any Federal Agency; (b) formally proposed for debarment, with a final determination still pending; (c) indicted, convicted, or had a civil judgment rendered against you for any of the offenses listed in the regulations or (d) delinquent on any amounts owed to the U.S. Government or its instrumentalities as of the date of execution of this certification.

PPP Borrower Demographic Information Form (Optional)

Instructions

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. Veteran/gender/race/ethnicity data is collected for program reporting purposes only.
- 2. Description. This form requests information about each of the Borrower's Principals. Add additional sheets if necessary.
- 3. **Definition of Principal**. The term "Principal" means:
 - For a self-employed individual, independent contractor, or a sole proprietor, the self-employed individual, independent contractor, or sole proprietor.
 - For a partnership, all general partners and all limited partners owning 20% or more of the equity of the Borrower, or any partner that is involved in the management of the Borrower's business.
 - For a corporation, all owners of 20% or more of the Borrower, and each officer and director.
 - For a limited liability company, all members owning 20% or more of the Borrower, and each officer and director.
 - Any individual hired by the Borrower to manage the day-to-day operations of the Borrower ("key employee").
 - Any trustor (if the Borrower is owned by a trust).
 - For a nonprofit organization, the officers and directors of the Borrower.
- 4. <u>Principal Name</u>. Insert the full name of the Principal.
- 5. <u>Position</u>. Identify the Principal's position; for example, self-employed individual; independent contractor; sole proprietor; general partner; owner; officer; director; member; or key employee.

| Principal Name | | Position | |
|-------------------|--|----------|--|
| | | | |
| Veteran | /eteran 1=Non-Veteran; 2=Veteran; 3=Service-Disabled Veteran; 4=Spouse of Veteran; X=Not | | |
| | Disclosed | | |
| Gender | M=Male; F=Female; X=Not Disclosed | | |
| Race (more than 1 | 1=American Indian or Alaska Native; 2=Asian; 3=Black or African-American; 4=Native | | |
| may be selected) | Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; 5=White; X=Not Disclosed | | |
| Ethnicity | H=Hispanic or Latino; N=Not Hispanic or Latino; X=Not Disclosed | | |

Disclosure is voluntary and will have no bearing on the loan application decision

DOCUMENTATION

WINTRUST

Required documents for underwriting of PPP loans

- Completed PPP Application for 1st or 2nd Draw Borrowers as appropriate for the borrower.
- IRS Form 941 Quarterly Tax Filings (All 4 quarters).
- IRS Form 944 Annual Tax Filings.
- Payroll reports provided by the borrower's 3rd party payroll service provider or payroll system of record may be accepted to verify annual wage amounts.
- Copies of **PAID** invoices for eligible insurance premiums.
- Copies of UNPAID invoices for eligible insurance premiums must be accompanied by proof of payment.
- Reports from other third party benefits administrators may also be acceptable to verify insurance payments and/or other eligible benefits costs.
- IRS Form 1040 Schedule C for Independent Contractors, Sole Proprietorships, and Single Member LLCs.
- IRS Form 1040 Schedule F, for self-employed farmers.
- IRS Form 1065 Schedule K-1 for Partnerships.
- Evidence that you were in operation on or around February 15, 2020 (e.g., payroll statements covering the pay period that includes February 15, 2020 or, for eligible borrowers without employees, an invoice, bank statement, or book of record establishing you were in operation on or around February 15, 2020)



PRESENTED BY: BRIAN RYNES, WINTRUST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Required Documents for 2nd Draw PPP Loans will include documents stated above, as well as the following items:

Support for 25% reduction in gross receipts for a given comparable CALENDAR QUARTER 2020 vs 2019 (certain exceptions apply if you were not in business for all quarters of 2019). Acceptable supporting information may include the following,

- Relevant tax forms, including annual tax forms or
- If relevant tax forms are not available
 - Quarterly financial statements
 or
 - Bank statements

Borrowers requesting \$150,000 or less are not required to provide supporting documentation for a 25% reduction in gross receipts at origination, however it WILL BE required with the application for forgiveness.



When will my remaining PPP loan balance be forgiven?

For borrowers who have or plan to seek partial or full forgiveness of their loans from the SBA, forgiveness determinations will be reached, in most cases, within 150 days after the borrower's submission of a complete application to its PPP lender (60 days for the lender's initial review and 90 days for the SBA's review of the lender's initial forgiveness determination). The process may take longer in certain cases, including where a borrower submits an incomplete forgiveness application or the SBA subjects the borrower's loan to further "loan review. Once the SBA determines the forgiveness amount and forgiveness proceeds are applied to the PPP loan, the borrower then has the remaining term of the loan prescribed in the promissory note to pay off any outstanding balance.

The borrower had a balance owing after forgiveness due to the netting of an EIDL advance. Should the borrower continue to make payments on this loan? If not, are there any negative consequences?

Forgiveness payments with "Payment Confirmed" status of December 28 or earlier will contain the EIDL advance deductions in the forgiveness amount. If your PPP forgiveness amount was reduced by the amount of an EIDL Advance you received, you will receive notification after the SBA has remitted reimbursement to us for your account, after which your loan will be reamortized with the remaining balance or, if applicable, closed out as paid off.

FAQ CONT'D



The borrower paid off the remaining EIDL advance portion remaining on their PPP loan. How will the organization get reimbursed by the SBA? Will funds flow through the bank like the forgiveness proceeds or will the organization be paid directly?

If your PPP forgiveness amount was reduced by the amount of an EIDL Advance you received, you will receive notification after the SBA has remitted reimbursement to us for your account, after which your loan will be reamortized with the remaining balance or, if applicable, closed out as paid off. If application of the EIDL Advance deduction reversal results in you having a credit on your account, funds will be credited to the original account to which your PPP loan proceeds were deposited.

What organizations can apply for the new round of PPP?

Small businesses, some nonprofit organizations (now including certain 501(c)(6) organizations), self-employed workers and independent contractors are among those eligible. Most existing PPP borrowers may apply for a second loan, provided they have 300 or fewer employees and can demonstrate they experienced a 25% reduction in gross receipts during a quarter in 2020 compared with the same quarter in 2019 (with special rules for seasonal employers and new companies). Gross receipts are calculated across all affiliates of the applicant, unless affiliation rules are waived for the applicant under program rules. First-time PPP borrowers largely will be subject to the program's original eligibility rules. The original PPP program was generally open to businesses with up to 500 employees (or that otherwise qualified based on SBA's alternative size standards), and there was no requirement to demonstrate a revenue loss.

FAQ CONT'D

<u>WINTRUST</u>

How much is a business eligible for?

The maximum for second-draw loans is \$2 million, less than the \$10 million cap for PPP's first round. Loan amounts will be based on an applicant's payroll, consistent with the program's original terms. Second-time PPP borrowers will generally be eligible to borrow an amount equal to 2½ times their average monthly payroll costs, up to \$2 million. A notable exception: Applicants in the accommodation and food services industries, based on an NAICS code beginning with 72, will be eligible for loans equal to 3½ times their average monthly payroll, up to \$2 million. Note, however, that the SBA has imposed limitations on the total amount of PPP loans that a "Corporate Group" (a set of companies under common majority ownership) can obtain. A single Corporate Group may not obtain more than \$20 million in First Draw PPP loans or \$4 million in Second Draw PPP loans.

What are the forgiveness requirements?

Borrowers are still required to spend at least 60% of the funds on payroll to receive full forgiveness. The other 40% may be used on eligible costs. As before, these costs include certain mortgage expenses, rent and utility payments. The bill expands forgivable expenses to include expenditures for group life, dental, disability and vision insurance; personal protective equipment and other gear to protect workers; certain supplier costs; operations expenditures for certain business software and cloud computing services; and property damage costs due to public disturbances during 2020. Borrowers remain responsible for any amount not forgiven by the SBA. Importantly, the legislation also clarifies that businesses that received PPP loans may take tax deductions for the expenses covered by forgiven loans. The SBA is expected to release additional forgiveness guidance soon. In making the decision to apply for this latest round of PPP and subsequent decisions related to a PPP loan or related tax filings, organizations should consult with their legal, tax, accounting, or financial advisors, as necessary.

FAQ CONT'D

Anything else to know?

The law provides a simplified forgiveness process for PPP loans under \$150,000. These borrowers will need to complete a one-page certification attesting they complied with program requirements, along with providing other information. Previously, the SBA and the Treasury issued a two-page forgiveness form meant to simplify the process for borrowers with loans of up to \$50,000. We should know more details when the SBA issues the new forgiveness forms and guidelines soon.

What other forms of small-business aid are available?

The legislation provides \$15 billion for the SBA to make grants to hard-hit live venue operators, such as theaters and live performing arts organizations. It important to note that organizations can receive either a "Shuttered Venue Operator Grant" or a PPP loan, but cannot receive both. The legislation also provides \$20 billion for advance grants for applicants to the SBA's Economic-Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) program.

Finally, the bill extends a provision that pays the principal and interest on behalf of borrowers that have certain SBA loans, such as 7(a) loans. It provides support for the 7(a) program by increasing the amount of the SBA's guarantee for lenders. Additionally, the SBA is waiving certain of their borrower fees (including SBA's guarantee and annual fees) on SBA 7(a) loans until September 30, 2021.

<u>VINTRUST</u>

THANK YOU

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